RELIGION AND ART

Dante Rossetti Poems Inspired by Paintings



National Gallery, London

John the Baptist seeks the blessing of his cousin Jesus. In a nearly identical version of this painting in the Louvre, Paris, the angel next to the infant Jesus points to the Baptist child, who is not pictured with the cross.

OUR LADY OF THE ROCKS By Leonardo Da Vinci

Mother, is this the darkness of the end, The Shadow of Death? and is that outer sea

Infinite imminent Eternity?

And does the death-pang by man's seed sustained

In Time's each instant cause thy face to bend

Its silent prayer upon the Son, while He Blesses the dead with His hand silently To His long day which hours no more offend?

Mother of Grace, the pass is difficult, Keen as these rocks, and the bewildered souls

Throng it like echoes, blindly shuddering through.

Thy name, O Lord, each spirit's voice extols,

Whose peace abides in the dark avenue Amid the bitterness of things occult.

-Dante Gabriel Rossetti

RAYS 00 43





MARY'S GIRLHOOD (For a Picture†)

This is that blessed Mary, pre-elect God's Virgin. Gone is a great while, and she Dwelt young in Nazareth of Galilee.
Unto God's will she brought devout respect, Profound simplicity of intellect,
And supreme patience. From her mother's knee Faithful and hopeful; wise in charity;
Strong in grave peace; in pity circumspect.

So held she through her girlhood; as it were An angel-watered lily, that near God Grows and is quiet. Till, one dawn at home She woke in her white bed, and had no fear At all—yet wept till sunshine, and felt awed Because the fullness of the time was come.[‡] These are the symbols. On that cloth of red I' the center is the Tripoint: perfect each, Except the second of its points, to teach That Christ is not yet born. The books—whose head Is golden Charity, as Paul hath said—Those virtues are wherein the soul is rich: Therefore on them the lily standeth, which Is Innocence, being interpreted.

The seven-thorn'd briar and the palm seven-leaved Are her great sorrow and her great reward. Until the end be full, the Holy One Abides without. She soon shall have achieved Her perfect purity: yea, God the Lord Shall soon vouchsafe His Son to be her Son.

† Rosetti's first Pre-Raphaelite painting, The Girlhood of Mary Virgin (1848-49), shows an adolescent Mary working at a piece of embroidery and surrounded by devices that prefigure her fate. The angel clasps a lily, a symbol of purity, which is to be presented at the Annunciation. The dove on the trellis represents the Holy Ghost through whom she shall conceive. The lamp stands for piety, the vine bears the grape whose wine symbolizes the Redeemer's blood and the sacrament of the Eucharist. ‡ The last four lines of this sonnet are the subject of Rosetti's second painting, The Annunciation, in London's National Gallery.

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Oil on panel, Hans Memling (1435-1493), National Gallery, London

The Virgin and Child with Saints (The Donne Triptych)†

A VIRGIN AND CHILD

By Hans Memmelinck (In the Academy of Bruges)

Mystery: God, man's life, born into man
Of woman. There abideth on her brow
The ended pang of knowledge, the which now
Is calm assured. Since first her task began
She hath known all. What more of anguish than
Endurance oft hath lived through, the whole space
Through night till day, passed weak upon her face
While the heard lapse of darkness slowly ran?

All hath been told her touching her dear Son, And all shall be accomplished. Where He sits, Even now, a babe, He holds the symbol fruit Perfect and chosen. Until God permits, His soul's elect still have the absolute Harsh nether darkness, and make painful moan.

A MARRIAGE OF ST. CATHERINE

By THE SAME (In the Hospital of St. John at Bruges)

Mystery: Catherine the bride of Christ.

She kneels, and on her hand the holy Child

Now sets the ring. Her life is hushed and mild,

Laid in God's knowledge ever unenticed

From God, and in the end thus fitly priced.

Awe, and the music that is near her, wrought

Of angels, have possessed her eyes in thought:

Her utter joy is hers, and hath sufficed.

There is a pause while Mary Virgin turns
The leaf, and reads. With eyes on the spread book,
That damsel at her knees reads after her.
John whom He loved, and John His harbinger,
Listen and watch. Whereon soe'er thou look,
The light is: starred in gems and the gold burns.

† The painting shown above is neither of the two for which Dante Rossetti composed his two sonnets. Memling painted several versions of the Virgin and Child with Saint Catherine, including those in Bruges and one in the Louvre. With respect to symbolism, this National Gallery painting is a composite of the two poems. Saint Catherine is standing on the viewer's left proffering the hand that other pictures on this subject show being ringed to signify the mystic marriage of the soul to the Christ within. On the right, Saint Barbara's normal pose of reading scripture is assumed by the wife of the triptych's donor. Two angels bear musical instruments and one is holding "the symbol fruit." John the Beloved is on the right panel holding the cup of regeneration and John the Baptist ("harbinger") is on the left, he who first identified Jesus with the words, "Behold the lamb of God, which taketh away the sin of the world." Memling painted himself partially visible behind the pillar in this left wing.

RAYS 00 45